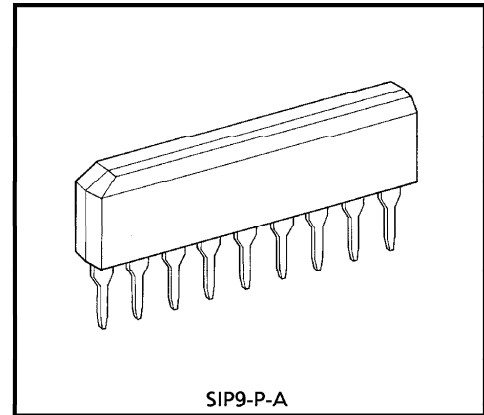


## FM PLL MPX

The TA7343AP is PLL FM stereo multiplex IC.  
It is suitable for automotive applications and portable  
radio applications because of space merit by the package  
and wide supply voltage range.

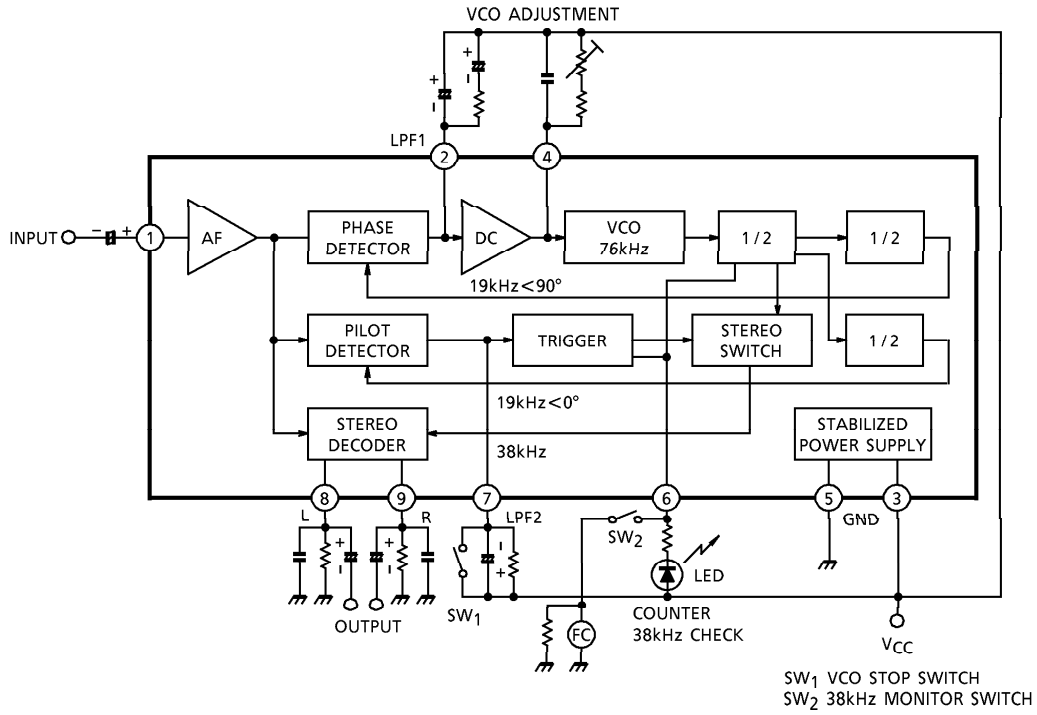
### FEATURES

- Excellent stereo LED sensitivity  
:  $V_L(ON) = 9mV_{rms}$  (Typ.)
- Suitable for LED driving :  $I_{LED} = 20mA$  (Max.)
- Recommendable input voltage range  
:  $V_{in} = 200 \sim 700mV_{rms}$
- Operating supply voltage range :  $V_{CC} = 3.5 \sim 12V$
- Excellent channel separation through  
entire audio frequency range :  $Sep = 45dB$  (Typ.)
- Low distortion :  $THD = 0.08\%$  (Typ.) at  $V_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$  (Stereo)
- Built-in compulsive monaural function. (The VCO is stopped when the pin⑦ is connected with the power supply line, and then the stereo indicator is turn off.)
- Easy adjustment (The monitored free running frequency of VCO is 38kHz at pin⑥.)



SIP9-P-A  
Weight : 0.92g (Typ.)

**BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	12	V
LED Voltage	V <sub>LED</sub>	16	V
LED Current	I <sub>LED</sub>	20	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (Note)	500	mW
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	- 30~75	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55~155	°C

(Note) Derated above Ta = 25°C in the proportion of 4mW/°C.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

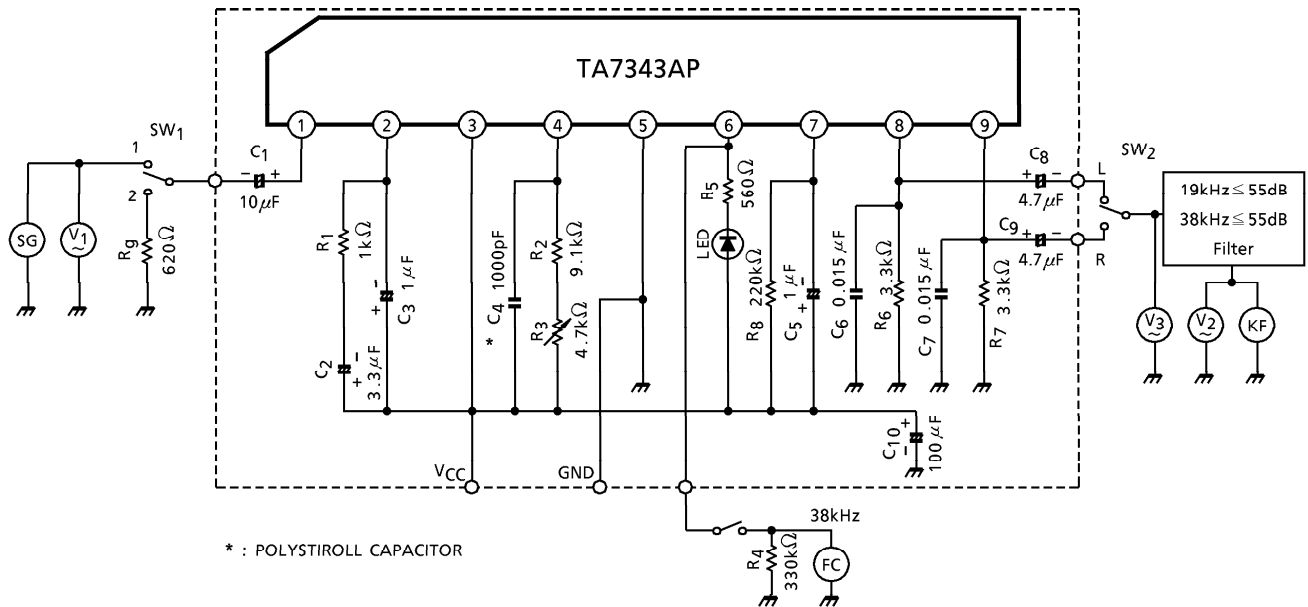
1. DC characteristics (Ta = 25°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 8V, terminal voltage at no signal)

PIN No.	CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TYP.	UNIT
Pin①	INPUT	V1	3.5	V
Pin②	LPF 1	V2	6.6	V
Pin③	V <sub>CC</sub>	V3	8.0	V
Pin④	VCO	V4	7.1	V
Pin⑤	GND	V5	0	V
Pin⑥	ST LED	V6	—	V
Pin⑦	LPF 2	V7	7.4	V
Pin⑧	L-ch OUTPUT	V8	4.0	V
Pin⑨	R-ch OUTPUT	V9	4.0	V

2. AC characteristics (Unless otherwise specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 8\text{V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{kHz}$ )

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Supply Current		$I_{CC}$	—	at LED off	—	11	18	mA	
Input Resistance		$R_{IN}$	—		—	33	—	$k\Omega$	
Max. Composite Signal Input Voltage		$V_{in}$ MAX (STEREO)	—	L + R = 90%, P = 10% THD = 1%	—	900	—	$mV_{rms}$	
Separation		Sep	—	L + R = 180 $mV_{rms}$ P = 20 $mV_{rms}$	36	45	—	dB	
Total Harmonic Distortion	Monaural	THD (MONAURAL)	—	$V_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$	—	0.08	0.3	%	
	Stereo	THD (STEREO)	—	L + R = 180 $mV_{rms}$ P = 20 $mV_{rms}$	—	0.08	—		
Voltage Gain		$G_V$	—	$V_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$	-2.0	0	2.0	dB	
Channel Balance		CB	—	$V_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$	—	0	1.5	dB	
Stereo LED Sensitivity	ON	$V_L$ (ON)	—	Pilot Input	—	9	15	$mV_{rms}$	
	OFF	$V_L$ (OFF)	—		2	6	—		
Stereo LED Hysteresis		$V_H$	—	to turn off from LED turn on	—	3	—	$mV_{rms}$	
Capture Range		CR	—	P = 20 $mV_{rms}$	—	$\pm 3$	—	%	
Carrier Leak	19kHz	CL	—	P = 20 $mV_{rms}$ L + R = 180 $mV_{rms}$	—	34	—	dB	
	38kHz				—	42	—		
SCA Rejection Ratio		SCA Rej	—	P = 20 $mV_{rms}$ L + R = 160 $mV_{rms}$ SCA = 20 $mV_{rms}$ $f_{SCA} = 67\text{kHz}$	—	70	—	dB	
Signal to Noise Ratio		S/N	—	$V_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , $R_g = 620\Omega$	—	74	—	dB	
Output Current (Pin⑧, Pin⑨)		$I_{OUT}$	—	$R_L = 3.3k\Omega$	$V_{CC} = 3.5\text{V}$	—	0.3	0.6	mA
					$V_{CC} = 8.0\text{V}$	—	1.2	1.8	
					$V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$	—	1.4	2.1	

**TEST CIRCUIT**

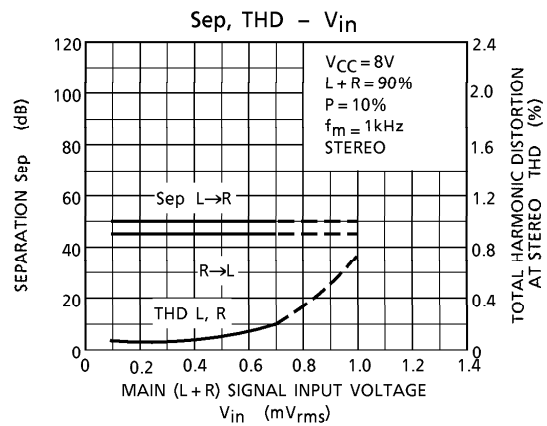
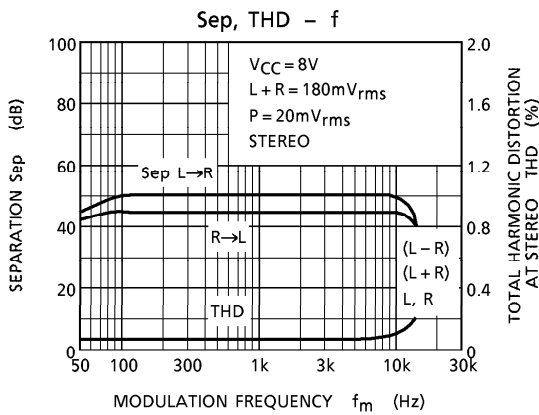
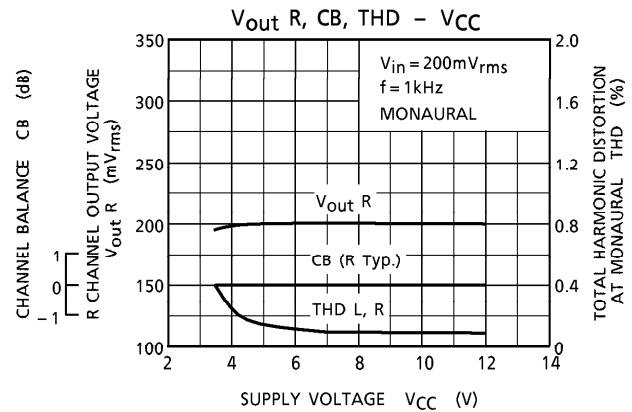
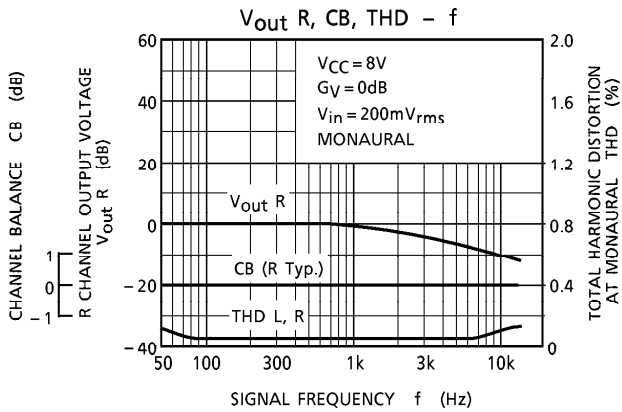
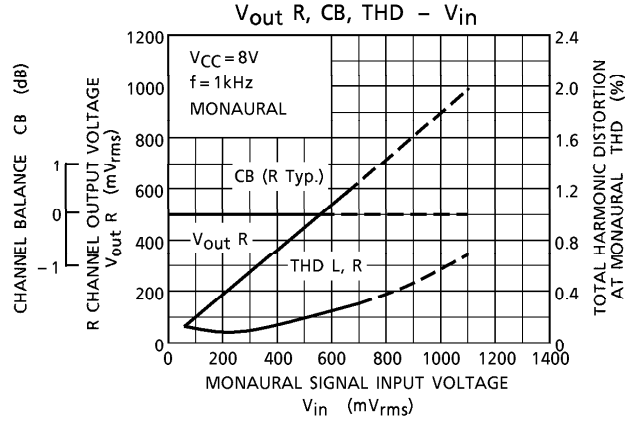
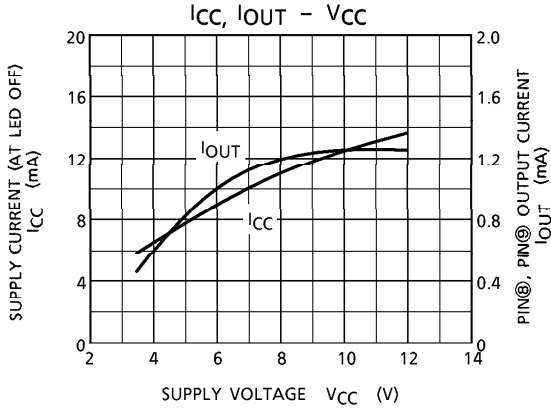


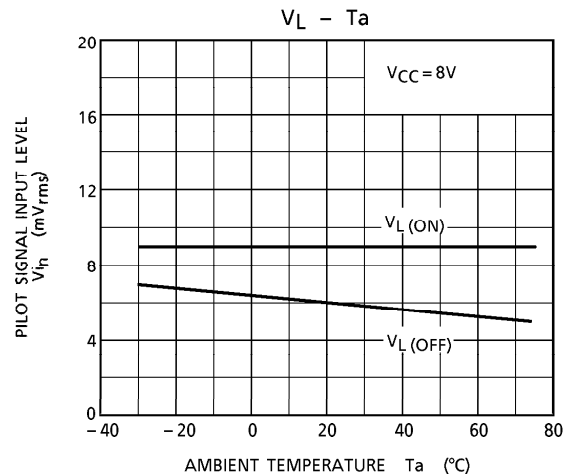
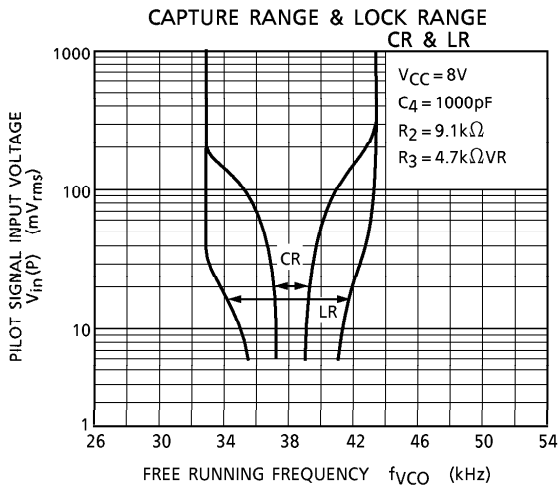
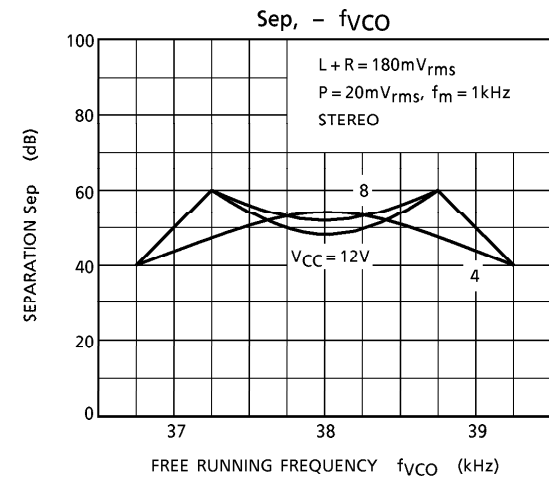
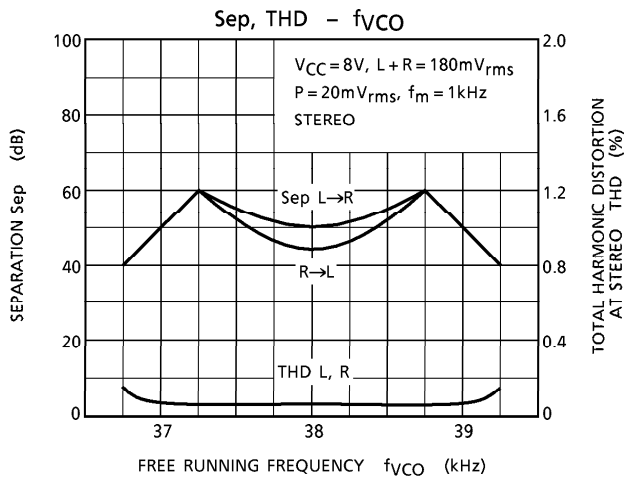
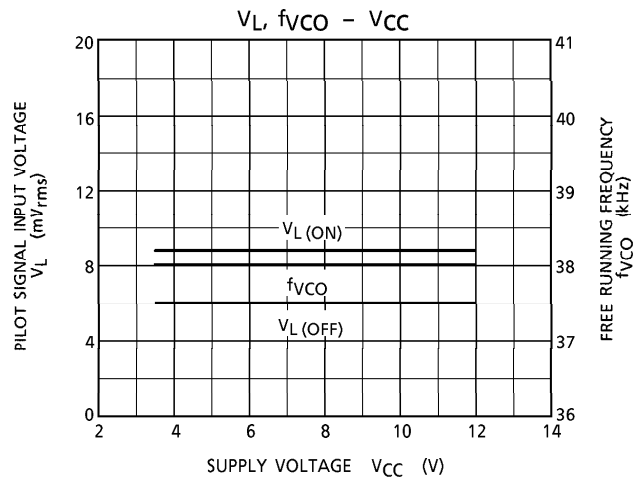
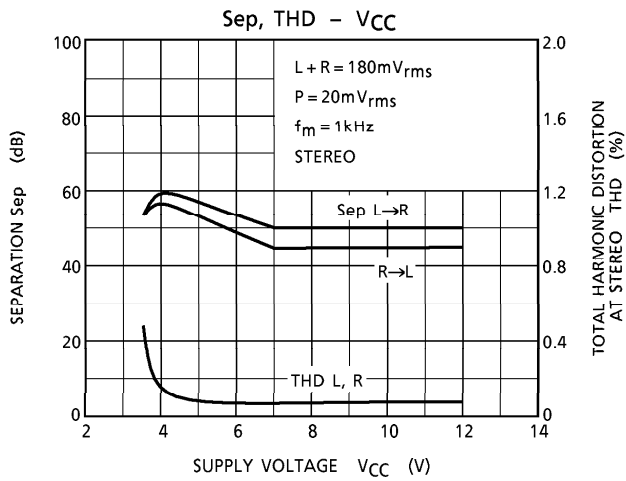
\* : POLYSTIROLL CAPACITOR

- SG : STEREO SIGNAL GENERATOR
- FC : FREQUENCY COUNTER
- V<sub>1</sub>, V<sub>2</sub>, V<sub>3</sub> : AC VOLTMETER
- KF : DISTORTION METER

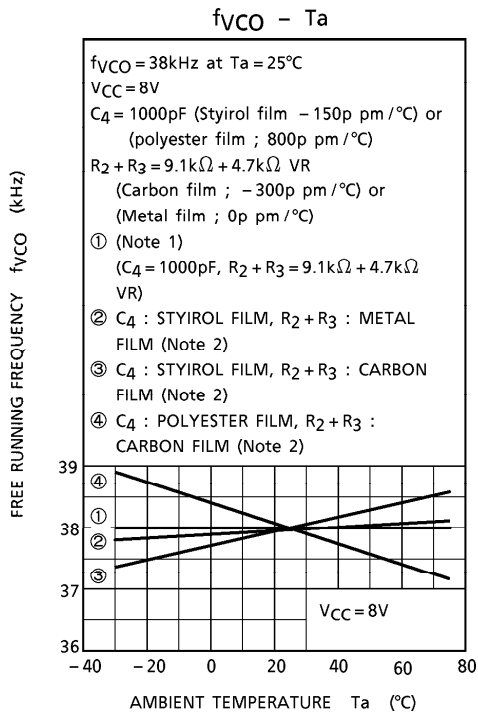
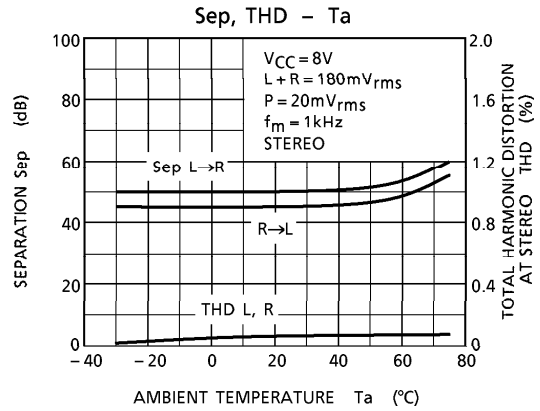
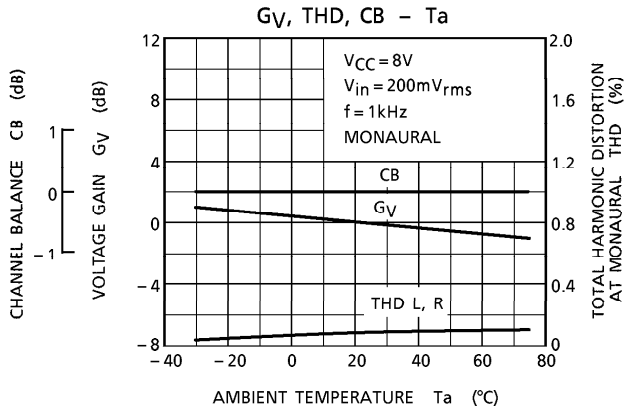
**EXTERNAL PARTS TABLE**

PARTS No.	TYPICAL	PURPOSE	INFLUENCE		NOTE
			SMALLER THAN TYP.	GREATER THAN TYP.	
C <sub>1</sub>	10 $\mu$ F	Coupling	Separation is bad at 50~300Hz	"POP" noise is high	Input
C <sub>2</sub>	3.3 $\mu$ F	LPF at PLL	THD is bad at 5~10kHz (stereo)	Narrow capture range	—
C <sub>3</sub>	1 $\mu$ F				
R <sub>1</sub>	1k $\Omega$				
C <sub>4</sub>	1000pF	VCO Free Running	C <sub>4</sub> : Small→Wide capture range and large glitter		—
R <sub>2</sub>	9.1k $\Omega$	Frequency adjustment	C <sub>4</sub> : Large→Narrow capture range		
R <sub>3</sub>	4.7k $\Omega$ VR				
R <sub>4</sub>	330k $\Omega$	Monitor Load	—		—
R <sub>5</sub>	560 $\Omega$	Rush Current Limiter	IC is damaged by the rush current	LED is dark	I <sub>LED</sub> ≤ 20mA
LED	—	Stereo Indicator	Usable for LED		
C <sub>6</sub>	0.015 $\mu$ F	Load and Diemphasis	Diemphasis (50 $\mu$ s)		C <sub>6</sub> = 0.022 $\mu$ F for 75 $\mu$ s
R <sub>6</sub>	3.3k $\Omega$		Output voltage is small	THD is bad for low V <sub>CC</sub>	
C <sub>7</sub>	0.015 $\mu$ F	Load and Diemphasis	Diemphasis (50 $\mu$ s)		C <sub>7</sub> = 0.022 $\mu$ F for 75 $\mu$ s
R <sub>7</sub>	3.3k $\Omega$		Output voltage is small	THD is bad for low V <sub>CC</sub>	
C <sub>8</sub>	4.7 $\mu$ F	Output Coupling	Frequency response is bad	"POP" noise is large	L-ch
C <sub>9</sub>	4.7 $\mu$ F	Output Coupling			R-ch
R <sub>8</sub>	220k $\Omega$	LED Sensitivity Adjustment	V <sub>L</sub> (ON) is large	V <sub>L</sub> (ON) is small	—
C <sub>5</sub>	1 $\mu$ F	LPF at LED	THD is bad at 50~300Hz	Slow LED response	—







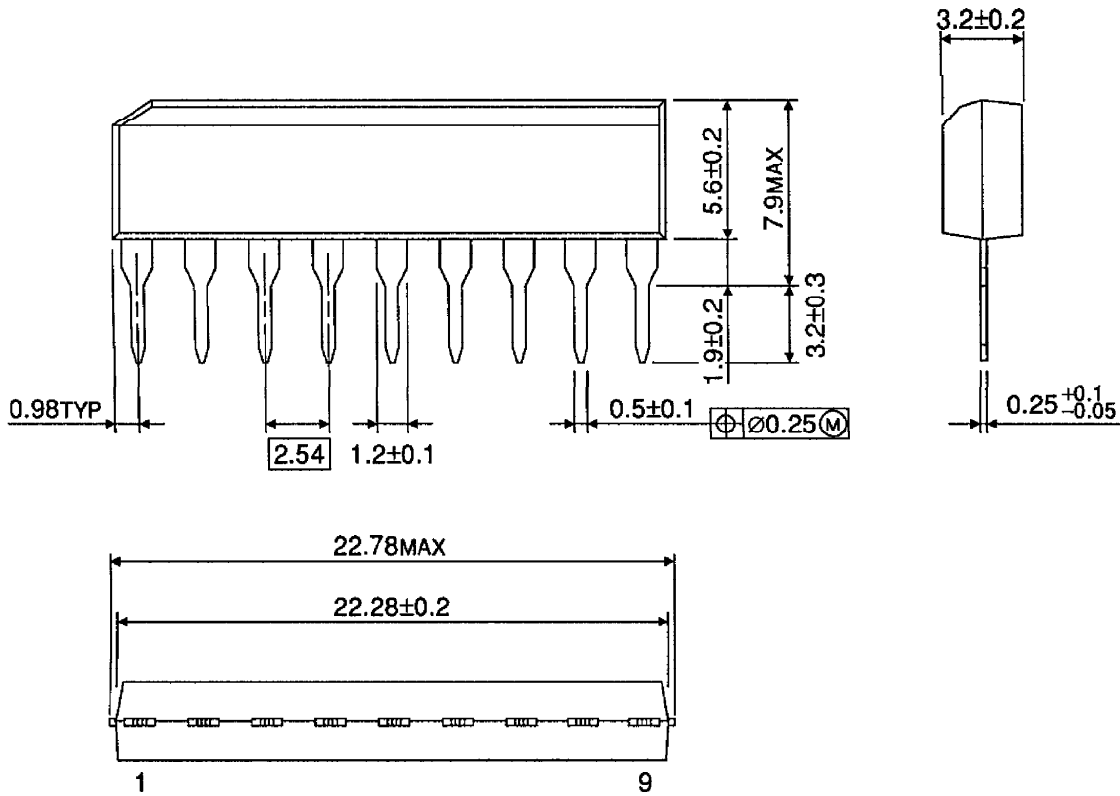


(Note 1) ① : With IC only put into a temperature test chamber

(Note 2) ②③④ : With IC, resistors and capacitors put into a temperature test chamber

**OUTLINE DRAWING**  
SIP9-P-A

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.92g (Typ.)